



FCI Standard No. 316
French White & Orange Hound
*Grand Anglo-Français Blanc et Orange; Français Blanc
et Orange; Französischer Weiss-oranger Laufhund;
Sabueso Frances Blanco y naranja*
Standard Provided by ABIDS

CLASSIFICATION FCI:

Group 6.....Scent Hounds and related breeds

Section 1.1.....Large sized Hounds

With working trial.

FCI-Standard N0 324 I 21.04.1997 I GB

TRANSLATION: Mrs. Peggy Davis, brought up to date by Dr. J. N. Paschoud.

ORIGIN: France.

DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE ORIGINAL VALID STANDARD: 27.01.1983.

UTILIZATION: Scent Hound.

Origin: France

GENERAL APPEARANCE: Quite a strong dog, powerful, showing even more English blood in his head than his tricolor counterpart.

HEAD: Quite short and broad.

CRANIAL REGION: Skull: Rather broad and flat without occipital protuberance; superciliary arches not prominent.

Stop: Well marked.

FIACIAL REGION: Nose: Black and orangey brown.

Muzzle: Bridge of nose rather short.

Lips: Extending over the lower jaw and giving the muzzle some squareness.

Eyes: Big, brown and dark.

Leathers: Set on quite broadly at eye level line or slightly above, quite thick, slightly turned and rather short.

NECK: Straight; slight dewlap.

BODY: Back: Broad and muscular.

Loin: Broad, rather short.

Croup: Rather round.

Chest: Quite high and let down.

Ribs: Long, slightly rounded.

Flank: Well filled.

TAIL: Quite long, sometimes with few longer and coarser round the tail slightly off standing hairs (like ears of grain) towards the tip.

LIMBS: FOREQUARTERS: Strong, broad and vertical.

Shoulders: Close to the chest but well muscled.

HINDQUARTERS: Thighs Muscular and fleshy.

Hocks: Slightly bent and close to the ground.

FEET: Rather round.

GAIT/MOVEMENT: Easy.

SKIN: White with orange or yellow patches.

COAT: HAIR: Short and not too thick.

COLOR: White-lemon or white-orange on condition that the orange is not too dark like reddish orange.

SIZE: 60 cm to 70 cm.

FAULTS: Any departure from the foregoing points should be considered a fault and the seriousness with which the fault should be regarded should be in exact proportion to its degree.

Faults of conformation:

- Butterfly nose.
- Nuzzle too thin.
- Over-or undershot mouth.
- Light eyes.
- Excessive dewlap.
- Curved tail or deviated to the side.
- Colors of coat other than those previously mentioned (black or red hair).

Note: Male animals should have two apparently normal testicles fully descended into the scrotum.